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APPLICATION NO	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/052,801	•	10/29/2001	Richard D. Posner	23608-0701	3222	
25235	7590	06/13/2006		EXAMINER		
HOGAN &		· · · ·	JAMAL, ALEXANDER			
ONE TABO		ER, SUITE 1500 H ST	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
DENVER,	CO 8020	2	2614			

DATE MAILED: 06/13/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applica	tion No.	Applicant(s)					
-		10/052,	801	POSNER ET AL.					
Office Action Summary			ər	Art Unit					
		Alexand	er Jamal	2614					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communi or Reply	cation appears on t	he cover sheet with the	correspondence ad	Idress				
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MA Issions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commu- period for reply is specified above, the maximum state reto reply within the set or extended period for reply very eply received by the Office later than three months affect patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	AILING DATE OF T of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no e unication. tutory period will apply and vill, by statute, cause the a	THIS COMMUNICATIOn Event, however, may a reply be the will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from poplication to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this c ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status									
1)[🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed	d on <i>07 April 2006</i> .							
· · · —	* *	b)⊠ This action is	non-final.						
,—		•		osecution as to the	e merits is				
,	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	on of Claims		·						
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1-33 is/are pending in the ap	oplication.							
-	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>15,20 and 2</u>	21 is/are withdrawn	from consideration.	•					
5)⊠	Claim(s) 17-19 and 22 is/are allowed								
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-14,16,23-33</u> is/are rejected.								
7)									
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ion and/or election	requirement.						
Applicati	on Papers								
9) 🗆 .	The specification is objected to by the	Examiner.							
•	The drawing(s) filed on is/are:		o) objected to by the	Examiner.					
,—	Applicant may not request that any object								
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	-, ,	•	, ,	FR 1.121(d).				
11) 🔲	The oath or declaration is objected to	•		-	• •				
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
-	Acknowledgment is made of a claim f	or foreign priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a)L	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	l							
	1. Certified copies of the priority of			inn bla					
	2. Certified copies of the priority of		• •		04				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of	• •		ed in this National	Stage				
* 0	application from the Internation see the attached detailed Office action	•		od					
3	ee the attached detailed Office action		uned copies not receive	eu.					
A 44==1	4.								
Attachment	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary	, (PTO-413)					
	e of References Cited (P10-692) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P1	O-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail D						
3) 🔲 Inforr	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or F No(s)/Mail Date	•	5) Notice of Informal I	Patent Application (PT0	O-152)				

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. Based upon the submitted amendment entered via RCE (4-7-2006), the examiner notes that claims 1,3,16,17,23,31,33 have been amended and claims 15,20,21 have been cancelled.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1,9-14, 16,23-30,33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kim et al. (5877653).

As per claim 1, Kim discloses a feed-forward linear amplifier controlled by a differential spurious ratio (ABSTRACT). The amplifier comprises first monitoring point via receiver 232 (Fig. 2) coupled to a first loop and a second monitoring point (234) coupled to the amplifier output. The amplifier comprises control circuitry (comprised of units 235,236,237). The control circuitry comprises inputs coupled to the first and second monitoring points (via couplers/receivers 234,232), and control outputs used to control the amplifier (via ATT1,PIC1,ATT2,PIC2). The system further comprises frequency information (PCD) applied to the control unit (Col 6 lines 40-52). The control system controls the differential spurious ratio of the noise (spurious) to the signal level by

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adjusting the phase and gain of each stage in the feed-forward amplifier. The system further acts to minimize the ratio of input noise (couplers/recievers 231,233 in Fig. 2) to output noise (coupler 234) by adjustment of the phase and gain of signals within the feedforward amplifier. The spurious components are instantaneously and differentially read by the functions of subtractor 219 and coupler/receivers 233,234. Subtractor 219 provides a differential spurious reading from coupler/receiver points 216 and 218. The output is fed via coupler/receiver 233 to control unit 237 via ratio detector (235,236). Likewise, signal coupler/receiver 223 provides a differential comparison between the signal at point 218 and the output signal at point 223. The distortion term coupled in at point 223 will used to cancel any IM in the output signal from delay 215, as such the signal at point 234 is a difference signal (Col 19 line 40 to Col 20 line 8). The output is fed via coupler/receiver 234 to control unit 237. The device functions to reduce both the ratio of input IM to output IM (via the subtraction functions) and present state IM to previous state IM. The system comprises first and second receivers (couplers) as noted above, for receiving the monitored signals. Controller 237 is coupled to ratio detector 235,236. Ratio detector 235,236 comprises ratio detector inputs (via block 235) that are coupled to the first and second couplers (receivers). The ratio detector outputs to controller 237. The controller functions to reduce both the ratio of input IM to output IM (via the subtraction functions) and present state IM to previous state IM as per the claim 1 rejection.

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As per claims 23,33, claims rejected as a method performed by the device of the claim 1 rejection. The spurious components are monitored via couplers/receivers 216,218 and 234 (Fig. 2), and the amplifier is controlled so that the phase and gain of the spurious channel and the main channel are aligned so that the ratio of the output spurious signal (detected via coupler 234) to the initially detected distortion signal (detected via coupler 233) is minimized (ie. the output distortion is suppressed) (Col 11 line 54 to Col 12 line 17). Examiner notes that the said ratios are controlled by feedback from the differentially monitored points as per the claim 1 rejection. Monitoring points 218,233,223,234,232 (Fig. 2) all monitor spurious components. The monitored points are instantaneously compared such that the control signal to controller 237 functions to control a coherent differential ratio control signal. Examiner notes that applicant uses the phrases 'instantaneously' and 'coherent'. As per applicant's specification (page 18 line 19 to page 19 line 5), applicant defines the 'instantaneous' ratios as being obtained by coupling samples of the desired signals. Coupling sampled of signals is a digital process and as such is inherently susceptible to a delay dependant upon the A/D converter and sampling rate (much like the sampling delay introduced by the signal selector 235 in Kim Fig. 2). In view of applicant's specification, examiner reads 'instantaneously' as functioning in real time and as such, the values obtained by the system of Kim function in real time and as such are 'instantaneously' computed/compared. Since the values are instantaneously compared, a coherent ratio is formed.

As per claims 9, 10, Kim discloses monitoring points 218,232,233 (Fig. 2).

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As per claims 11,12,14 claim rejected for same reasons as claim 17 rejection.

As per claim 13, Kim discloses vector modulation using Cartesian coordinates (either amplitude/frequency or (amplitude, frequency, phase)/time) (Col 13 lines 38-65).

As per claim 16, detector 236 comprises mixers 715,718 (Fig. 7) coupled to the first monitoring point (SF), bandpass filter 716, oscillator 714, and PCD (PLL) information 713.

As per **claims 24-30**, claims rejected as methods performed by the devices of the claim 1 and 17 rejections.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 31,32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kim et al. (5877653).

As per claim 31, Kim discloses claim 31 as per the claim 1 and claim 23 rejections. The system comprises coupler 233 (Fig. 2) and coupler 234. The system

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additionally comprises coupler 232. The control unit functions to adjust the gain and phase of the predistortion and error loop signals such that the ratios of output distortion to the predistorter distortion and error loop distortion are minimized. However, Kim does not disclose using a monitoring point directly at the output of the predistortion unit.

The system uses a coupling point 218 directly at the output of the linear amplifier stage. Since the system iteratively acts to minimize the output distortion by varying the phase/gain of the signals within the amplifier loop, and since the gain and phase information from predistorter 213 will carry through to amplifier 214, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of this application that the monitored signal could be coupled from either before or after the main power amplifier as a matter of design choice.

As per claims 32, the system further comprises couplers 218,232,233 coupled to phase gain adjusting circuits 220,221.

6. Claims 2-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kim et al. (5877653) as applied to claim 1 and further in view of applicant's admitted prior art in the specification (Page 12 lines 9-22).

As per claims 2-8, Kim discloses applicant's claim 1. However, Kim does not disclose that the input signal frequency information is provided from one of the following: a bank of synthesizers coupled by one of an RS232, RS485, TCP/IP or I2C bus, an input signal preset, a scanning circuit.

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Kim discloses using PCD data in order to recover RF signals information in the amplifier (Col 13 lines 40-50). Applicant's specification discloses that it is known that, in an RF phone, frequency information may be obtained via a control bus (conforming to a known standard), input signal presets, or a scanning circuit (SPECIFICATION Page 12 lines 9-22). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of this application that the frequency information cold be provided by any of the known methods of obtaining frequency information for the advantage that the feed-forward amplifier may be implemented to be compatible with existing RF phone interfaces (thus saving the cost of adding an additional interface).

Allowable Subject Matter

7. Claims 17,18,19,22 are allowed over the prior art of record

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-33 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. However, examiner notes the following responses to applicant's arguments.

As per applicant's comments regarding the Kim reference not disclosing an instantaneous spurious ratio control system (remakrs pages 11,12,14,15), examiner notes

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that the subtraction and canceling functions of subtractor 219 and coupler 223 provide an

instantaneous differential spurious ratio control system as per the new claim 23 rejection

above. Applicant's remarks page 12, 2nd paragraph states that the coupled signals must

arrive at 'nearly' the same time in order to be instantaneous. Examiner reads 'nearly' as

being functional in real time. Kim discloses a functional amplifier system that is able to

functionally perform communications (Col 1 lines 15-30). As such the amplifier system

delay is functionally minimized and any ratio calculations are functionally instantaneous

and coherent. Examiner further notes that even a completely analog ratio detector circuit

has a measurable amount of delay (such as the switching delay of transistors).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Alexander Jamal whose telephone number is 571-272-7498. The

examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9AM-6PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Curtis A Kuntz can be reached on 571-272-7499. The fax phone numbers for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 571-273-8300 for regular

communications and 571-273-8300 for After Final communications.

SUPERVISORY PARTY

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